11th Grade Health Curriculum

Scope and Sequence: There are a total of eight units that make up the high school health curriculum. Below is an outline of the **sequence** in which these units are to be taught:

- Mental, Emotional and Social Health p. 2
- Nutrition and Physical Activity p. 6
- Environmental Health p. 10
- Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs p. 14
- Prevention and Control of Disease p. 19
- Growth, Development and Family Life p. 24
- Consumer and Community Health p. 29
- Injury and Personal Safety p. 33

Unit Planner

Unit Topic: Mental, Emotional & Social Health

Conceptual Lens: Coping

Grade: 11

Unit Overview

Mental, emotional and social well-being are foundations for building good health. These foundations include a sense of security, identity, belonging, purpose and competence in order to strive toward a healthy and productive life. Knowledge and skills may include emotional intelligence, suicide prevention, stress management, communication skills, conflict resolution, and mental illness.

Suggested Time Frame on the Block: 7 days

Vocabulary

Self-concept Self-actualization Self-esteem **Passive** Aggressive Assertive Suicide Mental Health **Emotion** Defense Mechanism Communication Eustress **Distress** Stress Stressors Resiliency Adrenaline

Depression Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder Bipolar disorder Seasonal Affective Disorder Schizophrenia Insomnia **General Adaptation** Syndrome Post Traumatic Stress Disorder **Phobias** Anxiety disorder Panic disorder ADD / ADHD Hypochondria

Grade: 11 Subject: Health

Unit: Mental, Emotional & Social Health

Lens: Coping					
Enduring Understandings	Guiding Questions				
1. Individuals are driven by their basic needs.	 a. What is Maslow's hierarchy or needs? b. How might a person's needs change? c. What influences our self-esteem? d. What are warning signs of suicide? e. What factors contribute to suicidal thought? f. What resources are available within the community for those at risk of suicide? 				
2. Stress affects all aspects of a healthy life.	a. What are stressors?b. What is the difference between eustress and distress?c. What is the fight or flight response?d. What are healthy strategies for managing stress?e. What is the relationship between stress and illness?				
 Communication, conflict resolution and management of emotions influence relationships. 	a. What are the forms of communication?b. How do emotions affect the ability to communicate?c. What are healthy ways to achieve conflict resolution?				
Building strong mental health can influence one's overall wellbeing.	a. What is a mental illness?b. What are common mental illnesses?c. What are warning signs of mental illness?d. What are resources for diagnosing and treating mental illness?				

Unit: Mental, Emotional & Social Health Lens: Coping Critical Content and Skills		AC = Assessment Code: Q - Quizzes P - Pro O - Observations WS - Work Samples D - Dialogues SA - Student Self-Assessment T - Tests	ompts
 Students will Know Maslow's hierarchy of needs.(1.1.1, 1.1.2) Influences and factors that build and maintain self perceptions. (1.1.4) Factors influencing suicide. (1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.4, 1.1.8) Warning signs of suicide. Resources available for those at risk of suicide. (1.1.6) Forms of communication (passive, aggressive, assertive). The relationship between emotions and effective communication. (1.1.2) Healthy strategies for conflict resolution. (1.1.5) The physiological and psychological effects of stress (short and long term). (1.1.1, 1.1.8) Stress-Management strategies. (1.1.5) Categories of Mental Illness. Signs and symptoms of mental illness. Diagnosis and treatment options for mental illness. (1.1.6) 	AC	Students will be able to Analyzing Influences 1. Analyze how the family and culture influence health beliefs and behaviors. 2.1.1 2. Analyze how peers influence health beliefs and behaviors 2.1.2 Accessing Information 3. Access valid and reliable health information, products, and services. 3.1.3 4. Determine when professional health services may be required. 3.1.5 Interpersonal Communication 5. Demonstrate strategies to prevent, manage, or resolve interpersonal conflicts without harming self or others. 4.1.3 6. Demonstrate how to ask for and offer assistance to enhance the health of self and others. 4.1.4 Decision Making 7. Justify when individual or collaborative decision-making is appropriate. 5.1.3 8. Defend the healthy choice when making decisions 5.1.6 Goal Setting 9. Develop a plan to attain a personal health goal that addresses strengths, needs, and risks. 6.1.2 Practice Healthy Behaviors 10. Demonstrate a variety of healthy practices and behaviors that avoid or reduce health risks to self and others. 7.1.3 Advocacy 11. Demonstrate how to influence and support others to make	AC

Subject: Health
Unit: Mental, Emotional & Social Health
Lens: Coping

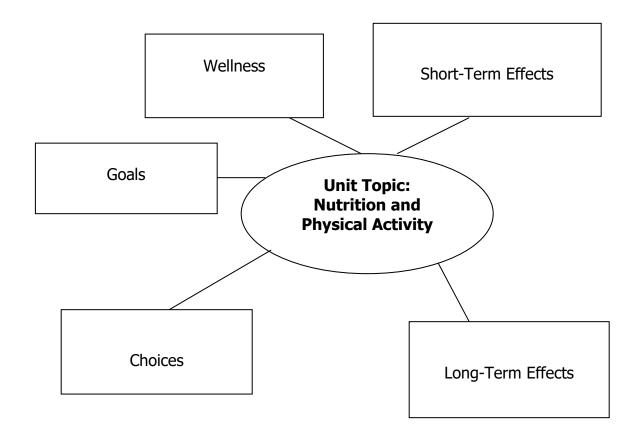
Suggested Instructional Plan/Activities (Correlations)	Enduring Understanding	Know	po
1. Students create their own hierarchy of needs.	1	1,2,3	1,2,9
2. Students demonstrate effective communication and coping strategies.	3	6,7,8,10	5,6,7,8,10,11
3. Create a model of a person who is in a state of stress.	2	9	3
4. Create a pamphlet of common mental disorders and effective treatment methods.	4	11,12,13	3,4,8

Unit Planner

Unit Topic: Nutrition and Physical Activity

Conceptual Lens: Healthy Living

Grade: _11



Unit Overview

For adolescents to learn and achieve to their fullest potential, they need to acquire knowledge and skills to make healthy choices in food selection and engage in lifelong physical activity. This knowledge includes the link between healthy eating and exercise with physical, mental, emotional and social health; energy level; self image; and physical fitness.

Suggested Time Frame on the Block: 7 days

Vocabulary

Nutrition Nutrient Carbohydrate Fat Protein Metabolism Glucose Glycogen Fiber Lipids Triglycerides Saturated Fats **Unsaturated Fats** Monounsaturated Fats Polyunsaturated Fats Cholesterol Amino Acids Anorexia Bulimia

Binging Puraina **Essential Amino Acids** Vitamins **Antioxidants** Minerals Anemia Target Heart Rate Resting Heart Rate **Physical Fitness** Cardio respiratory Endurance Flexibility **Body Composition** Body Mass Index Muscular Strength Muscular Endurance Dehydration **Anabolic Steroids** Basal Metabolic Rate

Grade: 11th

Subject: Health
Unit: Nutrition and Physical Activity
Lens: Healthy Living

Lens: Healthy Living Enduring Understandings	Guiding Questions
1. Proper nutrition influences a healthy lifestyle.	a. What are key nutrients?b. What are the benefits of a healthy diet?c. What barriers influence our diet choices?d. What can you learn from a food label?
2. Physical activity influences a healthy lifestyle.	a. What is Physical Fitness?b. What components are essential to a fitness program?c. What are the benefits of physical activity?d. What is the importance of cardio respiratory fitness?e. What is the difference between aerobic and anaerobic activity?
3. Eating and fitness habits established early in life can impact long-term health behaviors.	a. How can nutrition affect physical fitness?b. What is the importance of balancing caloric intake and caloric expenditure?c. How can eating and fitness habits established early in life impact life-long health?

Grade: 11th Subject: Health

Aritical Content and Skills	C = Assessme	ent Code:	Q – QuizzesO – Observations	P - Prompts WS - Work Samples	
	1.6		D – Dialogues T - Tests	SA – Student Self-Asse	
 Students will Know The six classes of nutrients. The rate at which their body metabolizes energy (Metabolic rate). The importance of Hydration - physical and mental effects on performance.(1.1.5) How to read a food label. (1.1.1, 1.1.5) How to analyze their diet. (1.1.1, 1.1.5) Benefits of a healthy diet. (1.1.5) Proper caloric intake and the distribution of nutrients(1.1.1, 1.1.5) The importance of balancing caloric intake and output. (1.1.1, 1.1.5) The importance of making healthy food choices. (1.1.1, 1.1.5) The characteristics associated with eating disorders. (1.1.2, 1.1.8) How genetic influences can affect body structure. (1.1.4) Ways to overcome barriers to proper diet and exercise (1.1.1, 1.1.7, 1.1.8) The components of Fitness.(1.1.5) How to calculate BMI or composition (1.1.1) How to calculate target heart rate (1.1.1) The benefits of exercise.(1.1.5) 		Analyzing 1. Analyze beliefs Accessing 2. Evaluat and ser Decision N 3. Examin making 4. Determ making 5. Genera problen Goal Setti 6. Assess status. 7. Develop address 8. Implem a perso 9. Formula 6.1.4 Practice H 10. Demon	e barriers that can hinder . 5.1.1 ine the value of applying process in health-related te alternatives to health- ns. 5.1.4 ng personal health practices 6.1.1 o a plan to attain a perso ses strengths, needs, and tent strategies and monit mal health goal. 6.1.3 ate an effective long-tern lealth Behaviors strate a variety of health	formation, products, r healthy decision- a thoughtful decision- d situations. 5.1.2 related issues or and overall health nal health goal that risks. 6.1.2 or progress in achieving n personal health plan.	AC

Grade: 11th

Subject: Health
Unit: Nutrition and Physical Activity
Lens: Healthy Living

Suggested Instructional Plan/Activities (Correlations)	Enduring Understanding	Know	po
Use menus from local restaurants to identify healthy choices while dining out.	1,3	1,4,5,6, 7,9,12	1,3,4,5, 6,7,8,10
2. Students create a nutrition program to include a week's worth of a balanced diet and physical activity. (Balancing caloric intake and output)	1,2,3	1-16	1,2,3,4,5, 6,7,8,10
3. Determine individual student fitness levels through a variety of activities.	2	8,13,14, 15,16	2,3,6,8
4. Analyze food labels to determine percent from fat, carbohydrates and proteins.	1,3	4,5,9	2,8,10
5. Students calculate resting and target heart rates.	2,3	15,16	6,8,10

Grade:

11

Unit Planner

Unit Topic: Environmental Health

Conceptual Lens: Conservation

Pollution Sustainability **Unit Topic: Environmental Health** Advocacy

Unit Overview

Individuals need to be aware of the impact of environmental issues and hazards on personal health. Environmental health includes precautions and behaviors to safeguard personal health, and practices that will reverse or slow down environmental pollution and related problems.

Suggested Time Frame on the Block: 2-3 days

Vocabulary

Environment
Renewable
Resources
Nonrenewable
Resources
Overpopulation
Deforestation
Recycling
*Air Quality
Inversion
Sustainability
Compost

Conservation
(water, light,
resource, energy)
Hazardous Waste
Biodegradable
Sanitation
Pollution (water, air,
land, noise)
Land Fill
Environmental
Carcinogens
Carbon Footprint

^{*} www.deq.idaho.gov/air/aqindex.cfm

Grade: 11 Subject: Health Unit: Environmental Health

Lens: Conservation	
Enduring Understandings	Guiding Questions
1. Individual conservation efforts can have a global impact.	 a. What is conservation? b. How can conservation impact sustainability? c. Why are individual conservation efforts important? d. How are living things dependent on the natural environment? e. What is your role in conservation?

AC Critical Content and Skills	= Assessmen	nt Code:	Q – Quizzes O – Observations	P - Prompts WS - Work Samples	
Students will Know	AC		D – Dialogues T - Tests vill be able to	SA – Student Self-Asse	essmen
 Ways to conserve resources such as water, energy, land and other natural resources. (1.1.1, 1.1.5) Ways to reduce waste. (1.1.3, 1.1.5) Types of pollution and ways to reduce pollution levels. (1.1.3, 1.1.5) Environmental agencies at the local and state levels. (Idaho Department of Environmental Quality – DEQ) Benefits of conservation. (1.1.1, 1.1.3, 1.1.5) The potential benefits of their individual influence/impact on the environment. (1.1.1, 1.1.3, 1.1.5) 		beliefs a 2. Evaluate personal 3. Analyze and unhous and unhous and unhous are prevention prevention prevention prevention problems 5. Generate problems 6. Predict to each alter practice Health. 7 Advocacy 8. Demonstrake por position problems 9. Adapt health. 7	how the family and cultind behaviors. 2.1.1 how the school and corhealth practice and behow the perception of nealthy behaviors. 2.1.5 how public health policions can influence health on. 2.1.7 aking a alternatives to healthes. 5.1.4 he potential short-term ernative on self and otheralth Behaviors the role of individual research	mmunity can affect naviors. 2.1.3 orms influences healthy es and government promotion and disease related issues or and long-term impact of ers. 5.1.5 sponsibility in enhancing and support others to 1.2 munication techniques	

Grade: 11 Subject: Health

Unit: Environmental Health

Lens: Conservation

Suggested Instructional Plan/Activities (Correlations) 1. Students describe actions they can take to conserve energy in their homes 1,5,6 1,2,4, 1 or lives outside of school. Explain why conserving energy is important. 5,6,7,8, 2. Students create advocacy posters for a conservation effort of choice. 1 1,2,3,5,6 2,3,5,7, Posters can be hung throughout the school. 8,9 3. Students participate in a letter campaign to a company, organization or 1 1,2,3,4,5,6 2,3,4,5,7, legislator relating to a current and local environmental issue. 8,9 2,3,5,7, 4. Students create a Public Service Announcement that encourages the 1 1,2,3,4,5,6 community to become more involved in a conservation effort. 8,9

Unit Planner

Unit Topic: Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs

Conceptual Lens: Effects

Grade: 11th

Short and Long-term **Effects Abuse Unit Topic:** Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Resources and Choices **Treatment Options Influences**

Unit Overview

The purpose of this unit is to provide students with an understanding of the major implications that alcohol, tobacco and other drugs have on the lifelong health of individuals. These include the effects, influences, prevention and treatment of the use of alcohol, tobacco products, and other drugs on the body.

Suggested Time Frame on the Block: 7 days Vocabulary

Drug
Medicine
Side Effect
Over-the-Counter
Psychoactive
Addiction
Drug Tolerance
Physical-dependence
Psychological-dependence
Withdrawal
BAC - blood alcohol
concentration
Binge Drinking
Cirrhosis

FAS - Fetal Alcohol Syndrome **Nicotine** Carcinogens Tar Carbon Monoxide **Emphysema** Secondhand Smoke Drug Abuse Overdose Marijuana **Inhalants** Club Drugs **Stimulants** Depressants **Opiates**

Hallucinogens

Subject: Health
Unit: Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs
Lens: Effects

Enduring Understandings	Guiding Questions
 The effects of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs can impact a user's mental/emotional and physical well- being. 	a. What are the effects of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs on the brain and body?b. When does substance use become abuse?c. What are the effects of use and abuse on the user's mental/emotional well-being?
Society bears the mental/emotional, physical and financial burdens of alcohol, tobacco and other drug use and abuse.	a. What circumstances could lead to an impact on society stemming from use and abuse?b. What are the dangers of driving under the influence?c. What financial burden is placed upon society as a result of alcohol, tobacco and drug use/abuse?
Understanding potential effects of abuse that can influence decisions regarding substance use.	a. What are potential outcomes of substance use?b. How is the decision process affected by use and abuse?

Grade: 11 Subject: Health Unit: Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Lens: Effects				
Critical Content and Skills	= Assessment Code:	Q – QuizzesO – ObservationsD – DialoguesT - Tests	P - PromptsWS - Work SamplesSA - Student Self-Assess	ment
Students will Know	AC Studer	its will be able to		AC
 The short term and long term effects of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs on the brain and body. (1.1.8) The most prevalent drugs of choice within their community (to include prescription drugs and OTC medications). The definition of binge drinking and its immediate and long term effects. (1.1.1, 1.1.8) How alcohol, tobacco and other drugs can influence the development of a fetus (FAS). (1.1.1, 1.1.8) Long term diseases associated with the use and abuse of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. (1.1.1, 1.1.8) How and when to use refusal skills when confronted 	Analyz 1. Ana and 2. Ana 2.1. 3. Ana beli 4. Ana likel Access 5. Deterrequences	ing Influences lyze how the family and cult behaviors. 2.1.1 lyze how peers influence he lyze how the media and tec efs and behaviors.2.1.4 lyze how some health risk be ihood of engaging in unhea ing Information ermine when professional he lired. 3.1.5	chnology influence health behaviors can influence the lthy behaviors.2.1.6	AC
 with the potential use of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. 7. The dangers associated with driving under the influence of alcohol and other drugs (BAC/BAL). (1.1.1, 1.1.8,) 	6. Den enh Decisio	ersonal Communication nonstrate refusal, negotiation ance health and avoid or re in Making mine barriers that can hinde		
 The consumption of alcohol and use of other drugs can lead to impaired judgment (poor choices). (1.1.1,) Resources and treatment options available. (Alateen, AA, SADD, MADD, American Heart Association, CDH, etc.) (1.1.6) 	5.1. 8. Gen (ma 9. Pred		-related issues or problems and long-term impact of	
 Warning signs of addiction/pathway to addiction (1.1.4) Different classifications of drugs. Alcohol concentration levels in different types of alcohol. The influence of advertising on alcohol and tobacco use. Harmful ingredients in tobacco. 	Practic 10. Den that Advoca 11. Ada	e Health Behaviors nonstrate a variety of health avoid or reduce health risk cy	ny practices and behaviors is to self and others. 7.1.3 mmunication techniques to	

The predisposition to alcohol, tobacco and drug use		
and abuse based on:		
a. Genetics/heredity		
b. Influence of peers, family, etc.		

Subject: Health
Unit: Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs
Lens: Effects

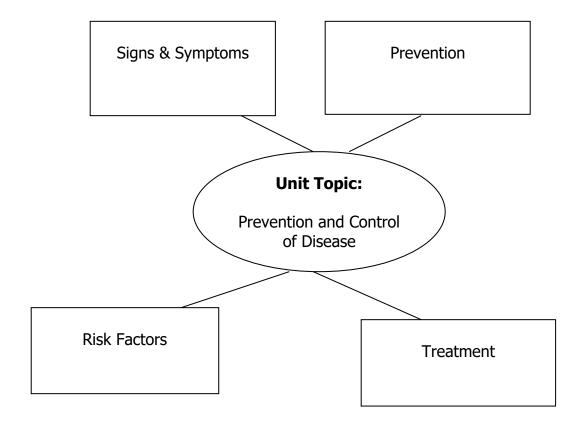
Suggested Instructional Plan/Activities (Correlations)	Enduring Understanding	Know	00
 Use Guest Speakers (Police Officers, Recovering Addicts, Project METH, MADD) 	1,2,3	1-15	1-11
2. Students analyze alcohol and tobacco advertisements	2,3	6,13,14	1,2,3,6,7,8,9
3. Obstacle course with drug goggles and glasses (if you have the materials)	1,3	1,3,7,8,12	4,7,8,9,10
4. Students advocate for anti-drug use and abuse (campaign, posters, speech, etc.)	1,2,3	1-15	1-11

Unit Planner

Unit Topic: Prevention and Control of Disease

Conceptual Lens: Management

Grade: 11



Unit Overview

This unit content will include health-related choices and decisions regarding prevention of communicable and non-communicable diseases including recognizing risk factors, identifying methods of contraction and transmission, as well as the prevention and treatment of disease. Accurate information and discussion of sexually transmitted diseases, HIV infection and AIDS are necessary and important components of this content area. Information should be factual and medically accurate. Throughout this unit students will understand that individuals have a considerable measure of control over their own health and the risks of contracting illnesses.

Suggested Time Frame on the Block: 3-5 days (depending on STD/STI and HIV instruction)

Vocabulary

Communicable Non-communicable **Pathogens** Bacteria Virus Protozoan **Parasite Fungus** Immune system Lymphatic system White blood cells Lymphocytes B-cells T-cells **Antibodies Antigens** Antibiotics Antibiotic resistance

Physical barriers Vaccine Passive immunity Active immunity **Natural** immunity **Symptoms** Genetics Benign Malignant Metastasis Insulin STD/STI **Asymptomatic** Opportunistic Infections **Pandemic Epidemic** Carcinogen

Grade: 11 Subject: Health Unit: Prevention and Control of Disease

Enduring Understandings	Guiding Questions
Preventative knowledge and skills can increase overall health and wellness.	 e. What are communicable and non-communicable diseases? f. How can diseases be prevented? g. What influences do genetics have on risk of disease? h. Why is early detection and treatment important to disease prevention?
2. Individual decisions impact life-long health.	a. How can one's choices today impact life in the future?b. How can your family, peers and environment influence your decisions?

Critical Content and Skills	- Assessment Code: Q – Quizzes P - Prompts O – Observations WS – Work Samples D – Dialogues SA – Student Self-Ass T - Tests	
 Risk factors linked to genetics for certain diseases. (1.1.1, 1.1.4) Risk factors linked to life-style choices and their connection to communicable and noncommunicable diseases. (1.1.1, 1.1.7, 1.1.8) Signs and symptoms of noncommunicable diseases including cancers, cardiovascular, and types of diabetes. May also include diseases such as asthma, arthritis, and allergies. (1.1.8) Early screening detection methods for breast, testicular, and skin cancer. (1.1.1, 1.1.4, 1.1.5, 1.1.7, 1.1.8) Differences between and factors that influence types of diabetes. (1.1.4, 1.1.5, 1.1.8) Pathogens that cause communicable disease. Prevention methods for reducing the risk of communicable disease. (1.1.1, 1.1.5) How the immune system fights pathogens – passive, active and natural immunity. Methods of treatment. (1.1.5) Current trends associated with communicable and noncommunicable diseases. (Bird flu, H1N1, West Nile, Heart disease, etc.) How to access local health information, products and services. (1.1.5, 1.1.7) 	AC Students will be able to Analyzing Influences 1. Analyze how the perception of norms influences healthy and unhealthy behaviors. 2.1.5 2. Analyze how public health policies and government regulations can influence health promotion and disease prevention. 2.1.7 Accessing Information 3. Determine the accessibility of health information, products, and services. 3.1.2 4. Determine when professional health services may be required. 3.1.5 Interpersonal Communication 5. Demonstrate refusal, negotiation, and collaboration skills to enhance health and avoid or reduce health risks. 4.1.2 Decision Making 6. Determine the value of applying a thoughtful decisionmaking process in health-related situations. 5.1.2 7. Evaluate the effectiveness of health-related decisions. 5.1.7 Practice Health Behavior 8. Analyze the role of individual responsibility in enhancing health. 7.1.1 Advocacy 9. Use accurate peer and societal norms to formulate a healthenhancing message. 8.1.1 10. Work cooperatively as an advocate for improving personal, family, and community health. 8.1.3	AC

Content and Skills Associated with STDs/STIs and HIV can be taught in this unit or the Growth, Development and Family Life unit.

- 12. Specific pathogens that cause STDs/STIs and HIV.
- 13. Signs and symptoms of STDs/STIs and HIV.
- 14. Prevention methods for STDs/STIs and HIV. (1.1.1, 1.1.5, 1.1.7, 1.1.8)
- 15. Risk factors associated with STDs/STIs and HIV.(1.1.1, 1.1.5, 1.1.7, 1.1.8)
- 16. How HIV attacks our immune system.
- 17. Treatment methods for STDs/STIs and HIV. (1.1.5, 1.1.7)
- 18. Effectiveness of prevention and treatment methods associated with STDs/STIs and HIV. (1.1.5, 1.1.7, 1.1.8)
- 19. How to access local health information, products and services associated with STDs/STIs and HIV. (Central District Health CDH) (1.1.5, 1.1.7)
- 20. Methods of transmission of STIs/STDs and HIV/AIDS
- P1 Student-initiated questions related to prevention, transmission, risk, process and treatment will be answered in class in an ageappropriate and medically accurate manner. All other questions will be referred home.
 P2 All student-initiated questions will be answered in an age-appropriate and medically accurate manner.

All Levels – No discussion of intricacies of intercourse, sexual stimulation or erotic behavior. Questions about homosexuality will be answered in a non-biased, non-advocating, scientifically factual manner. Methods of birth control will be discussed as they pertain to risk and effectiveness. No demonstrations will be permitted.

Subject: Health Unit: Prevention and Control of Disease

Lens: Management

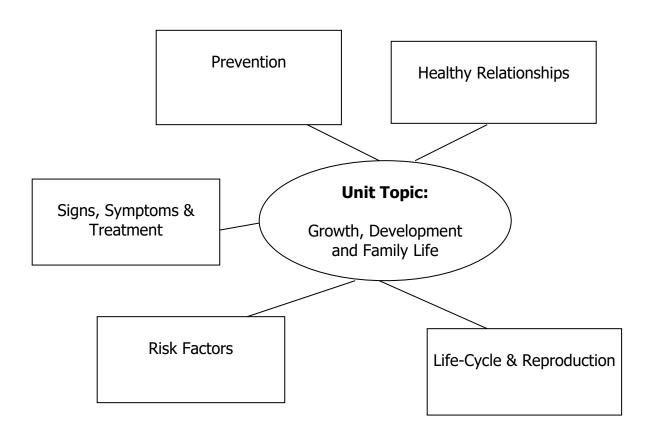
Suggested Instructional Plan/Activities (Correlations)	Enduring Understanding	Know	00
1. Students create advocacy posters for hand washing and post them in the school restrooms.	2	2,7	8,9,10
2. Use of district approved guest speaker from CDH to address STDs/STIs.	1	12-15, 17-19	1,2,3,4,7
3. Research project of a disease to include signs, symptoms, treatment, prevention and access to health information products and services.	1,2	1-19	2,3,7

Unit Planner

Unit Topic: Growth, Development & Family Life

Conceptual Lens: Awareness

Grade: 11



Unit Overview

The study of growth and development includes the stages of life, and changes in relationships with others that accompany social development and the aging process. Family living includes the following topics: healthy relationships and sexuality, encouragement of abstinence from sexual activity, sexually transmitted diseases including HIV and their prevention, as well as methods of preventing pregnancy. Knowledge of factual, medically accurate and objective information is important along with personal, legal and economic responsibilities of parenthood and other consequences of sexual activity.

Suggested Time Frame on the Block: 4-6 days (depending on STD/STI and HIV instruction)

Vocabulary

Sperm
Egg
Fertilization
Testes
Penis
Urethra
Epididymis
Semen
Seminal vesicles
Prostate gland
Cowper's gland
Ovaries

Ovaries Vagina Fallopian tubes Uterus Menstrual cycle
Ovulation
Zygote
Embryo
Implantation
Placenta
Fetus
Dilation
Expulsion
Placental
Adolescence
Puberty
Hormones
Menopause

Grade: 11 Subject: Health Unit: Growth, Development and Family Life

Lens: Awareness	
Enduring Understandings	Guiding Questions
Healthy relationships support personal well being.	a. What are your expectations in a relationship?b. How do you communicate your expectations in a relationship?
Knowledge of the life cycle will impact health practices and behaviors.	 a. What are the reproductive organs? b. How do the reproductive organs function? c. Why is prenatal care important? d. How does the environment affect fetal development? e. What occurs during the birth process? f. How can pregnancy be prevented? g. What are the risks and effectiveness of methods of birth control? h. What is the life cycle? i. What is the aging process? j. What are some physical, mental and social changes you have experienced?
3. Individual decisions impact life-long health.	c. How can one's choices today impact life in the future?d. How can your family, peers and environment influence your decisions?

Lens: Awareness Critical Content and Skills	AC = Assessme	ent Code:	Q – QuizzesO – ObservationsD – DialoguesT - Tests	P - Prompts WS – Work Samples SA – Student Self-Asse	essment
 Students will Know Components of a healthy relationship. (1.1.2, 1.1.7, 1.1.8) The reproductive system and cycle. (1.1.6) a. Reproductive organs b. Menstrual Cycle c. Prenatal Care d. Fetal Development e. Stages of the Birthing Process The stages of life from birth to death. Methods of pregnancy prevention to include abstinence and birth control. (1.1.1, 1.1.5, 1.1.7 *Abortion is not a topic covered by the Joint School District No. 2 Health Curriculum Content and Skills Associated with STDs/STI and HIV can be taught in this unit or the Prevention and Control of Disease unit. Specific pathogens that cause STDs/STIs and HIV. Prevention methods for STDs/STIs and HIV. (1.1.1, 1.1.5, 1.1.7, 1.1.8) Risk factors associated with STDs/STIs and HIV. (1.1.1, 1.1.5, 1.1.7, 1.1.8) How HIV attacks our immune system. Treatment methods for STDs/STIs and HIV. (1.1.5, 1.1.7) Effectiveness of prevention and treatment 	s	Analyzin 1. Analyzin 2. Use rethat p 3. Determine be recommended in the period of the period of the period in thep	g Influences ze how peers influence iors. 2.1.2 g Information esources from home, so rovide valid health informine when professional quired. 3.1.5 sonal Communicatio xills for communicating y peers, and others to e nstrate strategies to pro e interpersonal conflicts ers. 4.1.3 Making the potential short-ten t of each alternative on d the healthy choice wh Health Behaviors ze the role of individual acing health. 7.1.1	hool, and community rmation. 3.1.2 health services may n effectively with enhance health. 4.1.1 event, manage, or s without harming self rm and long-term self and others. 5.1.5 hen making decisions.	AC

(1.1.5, 1.1.7, 1.1.8)

- 12. How to access local health information, products and services associated with STDs/STIs and HIV. (1.1.5, 1.1.7)
- 13. Methods of transmission of STIs/STDs and HIV/AIDS
- P1 Student-initiated questions related to prevention, transmission, risk, process and treatment will be answered in class in an age-appropriate and medically accurate manner.
 All other questions will be referred home.
 P2 All student-initiated questions will be answered in an age-appropriate and medically accurate manner.

All Levels – No discussion of intricacies of intercourse, sexual stimulation or erotic behavior. Questions about homosexuality will be answered in a non-biased, non-advocating, scientifically factual manner. Methods of birth control will be discussed as they pertain to risk and effectiveness. No demonstrations will be permitted.

Subject: Health
Unit: Growth, Development and Family Life
Lens: Awareness

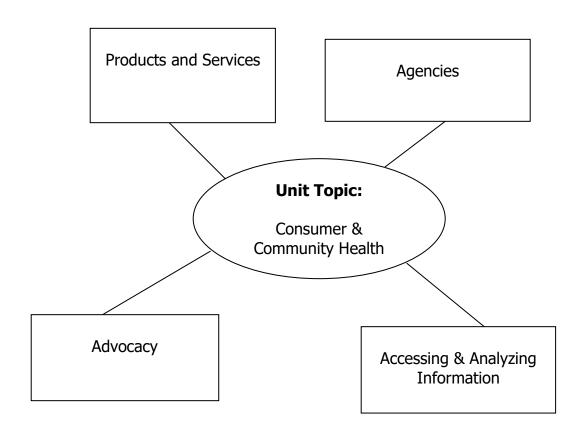
Suggested Instructional Plan/Activities (Correlations)	Enduring Understanding	Know	00
 Students create a scrapbook of their stages of life and project future stages of life using family pictures or pictures from the internet. (Erickson's Stages of Development) 	2	3	2
Diagram reproductive organs.	2	2	2
3. Compare and contrast prevention methods including rates of effectiveness.	2	4	2,3,5,6
4. Role-play relationship scenarios and communication strategies.	1	1	1,4,5,8
5. Students reflect on qualities they would desire in their ideal mate.	1	1	N/A
6. Use of district approved guest speaker from CDH to address STDs/STIs.	3	5-8, 10-12	2,3,6,8

Unit Planner

Unit Topic: Consumer and Community Health

Conceptual Lens: Analysis

Grade: 11



Unit Overview

Consumers need to understand how health care services are provided as well as how individuals can take an active role in determining the use of health related services and products. Consumer and community health include recognizing and accessing valid and appropriate health information, services, and products. This includes knowledge about health insurance, health related research, advertising and fraudulent claims.

Suggested Time Frame on the Block: 2-3 days

Vocabulary

Fraud
Quackery
Primary Care
Physician
Inpatient care
Outpatient care
Home health care
services
Hospice
Premium
Deductible
Insurance

HMO PPO HON Medicare Medicaid Consumer Advertising CDC/CDHD FDA NIH NIMH WHO Grade: 11 Subject: Health Unit: Consumer & Community Health

Lens: Analysis	
Enduring Understandings	Guiding Questions
The ability to analyze and access consumer and community health information will promote self advocacy.	 a. Why is it important to be aware of personal medical history? b. What is a consumer? c. What are the different health care agencies at the local, national and global levels? d. What makes a source valid, reliable and reputable?

Lens: Analysis	= Assessmen	t Code:	Q – Quizzes	P - Prompts	
Critical Content and Skills			O – ObservationsD – DialoguesT - Tests	WS – Work Samples SA – Student Self-Asse	
Students will know	AC		ill be able to		AC
 Characteristics of false advertising and fraud. How to access local health related products and services to include health insurance, physician care, holistic medicine, pharmaceutical services, and financial aid. (1.1.6) A variety of health care organizations at the local, national and global levels. How to access reliable health information: a. Valid b. Reliable c. Reputable The roles of the following agencies: a. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) b. Federal Trade Commission (FTC) c. Center for Disease Control (CDC) d. Better Business Bureau (BBB) 		personal 2. Analyze h beliefs an 3. Analyze h regulation preventio Accessing In 4. Evaluate and servin 5. Determin products, 6. Access va and servin 7. Use reson provide v Decision Ma 8. Determin making p Advocacy 9. Work coo personal, 10. Adapt hea	how the school and conhealth practice and believe the media and technic behaviors. 2.1.4 how public health policions can influence health in 2.1.7 health in 2.1.7 health in ces. 3.1.1 he the accessibility of health in ces. 3.1.1 health in ces. 3.1.2 hid and reliable health ces. 3.1.3 health in ces. 3.1.3 health in ces. 3.1.3 health in ces. 3.1.4 hid and reliable health ces. 3.1.5 hid and reliable health ces. 3.1.5 health information health inform	naviors. 2.1.3 nnology influence health es and government promotion and disease formation, products, ealth information, information, products, ol, and community that a.3.1.4 a thoughtful decision- d situations. 5.1.2 eate for improving health. 8.1.3 munication techniques	

Subject: Health
Unit: Consumer & Community Health
Lens: Analysis

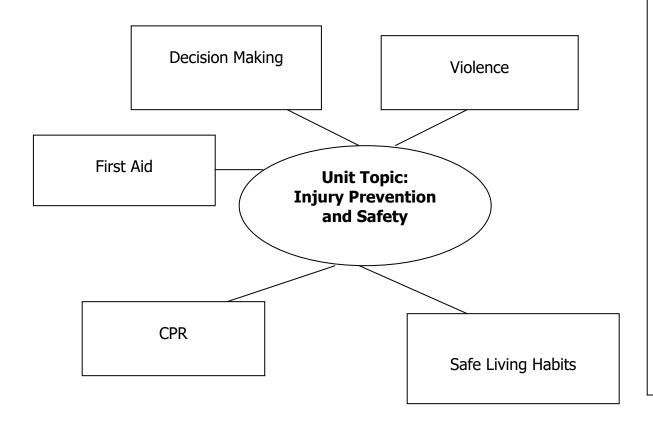
Suggested Instructional Plan/Activities (Correlations)	Enduring Understanding	Know	po
1. Students generate a list of types/components of medical history that they would take with them when transferring doctors. (Types of history, not actual history). Explain why a doctor would need to know that information.	1	2,4	5,7
2. Groups of students imagine that they are looking for a new local health care professional. Where would they look for potential candidates? How would they determine whether he/she would meet their needs? What questions might they ask this professional?	1	1,2,4	1,4,5,7,8
3. Students analyze the validity, reliability and reputability of sources related to consumer health.	1	1	1,2,4,6,7,8
4. Students work with partners or small groups to conduct a mini research activity to then share with the rest of the class (Jigsaw). The focus of research will be on local, national and global health organizations. Students should identify the history, responsibilities, mission and goals of each agency.	1	2,3	3,7
5. Students investigate a community health career to determine education requirements, skills and training, availability/demand, importance of career to the health of the community. Students report finding to the class.	1	2,3,4	3,4,5,7,9

Unit Planner

Unit Topic: Injury Prevention and Safety

Conceptual Lens: Management

Grade: _ 11th



Unit Overview

Unintentional and intentional injuries rank among the greatest threats to the health of adolescents. Adolescents require knowledge that prevention includes safe living habits, healthy decisions, violence prevention, emergency response and an understanding of the consequences of one's decisions.

Suggested Time Frame on the Block: 3 days **Vocabulary**

Violence
Bullying
Harassment
Abuse
Neglect
Domestic Violence
Hazing
Sexual Abuse
Sexual Harassment
Sexual Assault
Date Rape
Cyber Bullying
Implied Consent
Rescue Breathing

CPR
Choking
Pressure Points
Shock
Fractures
Wound
Sprain
Strain
Dislocation
Burns
Poison
Heat Exhaustion
Heat Stroke

Carotid Pulse

Grade: 11 Subject: Health

Unit: Injury Prevention and Safety Lens: Management

Lens: Management			
Enduring Understandings	Guiding Questions		
Safe living practices protect individuals, families and communities.	a. What are safety practices you can apply to your daily life?b. How do behaviors impact safety in daily activities?		
Correct application of first aid knowledge techniques (to include CPR) can reduce injury severity.	 a. What are the basic steps in emergency care? b. What are the guidelines for CPR as outlined by the American Heart Association (AHA)? c. How do you determine the need for first aid and CPR techniques? d. Why is CPR important? 		
Violence awareness reduces the risk of becoming a victim.	a. Wily is at Kimportant.		
	a. What are different forms of violence?		
	b. How can one avoid putting themselves at risk?		
	c. What are some warning signs one can be aware of to help avoid becoming a victim?		
	d. Where can a victim go to seek help?		
	e. What is date rape?f. How can you reduce your risk of being a victim of date rape?		

Grade: 11 Subject: Health Unit: Injury Prevention and Safety Lens: Management					
Critical Content and Skills	= Assessme	nt Code:	Q – QuizzesO – ObservationsD – DialoguesT - Tests	P - PromptsWS - Work SamplesSA - Student Self-Assess	ment
Students will Know 1. Safe living habits and how to apply them to	AC	Analyzing	rill be able to Influences how peers influence	health heliefs and	AC
 their lives. (1.1.1, 1.1.5, 1.1.7, 1.1.8) The consequences of one's decisions. (1.1.1, 1.1.8) Forms of violence and abuse and the effects it can have on a victim (i.e. physical, sexual, verbal, bullying, cyber bullying, sexting, etc.) (1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.5, 1.1.7, 1.1.8) Resources available for victims of abuse. (1.1.5, 1.1.6) Per Rules Governing Thoroughness-Each student shall receive a minimum of one (1) class period on psychomotor cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training as outlined in the American Heart Association (AHA) Guidelines for CPR to include the proper utilization of an automatic external defibrillator (AED). (1.1.5, 1.1.6) 		behavior 2. Analyze the likelication in the li	rs.2.1.2 how some health risk ihood of engaging in Information valid and reliable heal vices. 3.1.3 inal Communicatio s for communicating and others to enhance laking the effectiveness of ing personal health practi	k behaviors can influence unhealthy behaviors. Ith information, products, effectively with family, health. 4.1.1 health-related decisions. ces and overall health	

Subject: Health
Unit: Injury Prevention and Safety
Lens: Management

Suggested Instructional Plan/Activities (Correlations)	Enduring Understanding	Know	po
 Identify risk-taking behaviors and indicate what can be done to reduce risk. 	1	1,2	1,2,4,5,6,7
Students research local resources/agencies geared toward helping victims of abuse.	3	3,4	3,7
3. Use guest speakers (SRO, local organization, counselor, etc.)	3	3,4	1-7
4. Use instructional videos for CPR and First Aid	2	5	3
5. Students practice CPR methods using mannequins	2	5	3,6

IDAHO CONTENT STANDARDS HEALTH EDUCATION Grades 9-12

Standard 1: Comprehend Core Concepts

Core Concepts of Health Education for Grades 9-12 are defined below:

Alcohol, Tobacco & Other Drugs

The use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs, has major implications in the lifelong health of individuals. These include the effects, influences, prevention and treatment of the use of alcohol, tobacco products, and other drugs on the body.

Nutrition & Physical Activity

For adolescents to learn and achieve to their fullest potential they need to acquire knowledge and skills to make healthy choices in food selection and engage in lifelong physical activity. This knowledge includes the link between healthy eating and exercise with physical, mental, emotional and social health; energy level; self image; and physical fitness.

Injury Prevention & Safety

Unintentional and intentional injuries rank among the greatest threats to the health of adolescence. Adolescents require knowledge that prevention includes safe living habits, healthy decisions, violence prevention, emergency response and an understanding of the consequences of one's decisions.

Mental, Emotional & Social Health

Mental, emotional and social well-being are foundations for building good health. These foundations include a sense of security, identity, belonging, purpose and competence in order to strive toward a healthy and productive life. Knowledge and skills may include emotional intelligence, suicide prevention, stress management, communication skills, conflict resolution, and mental illness.

Prevention & Control of Disease

Individuals have a considerable measure of control over their own health and the risks of contracting illnesses. Health-related choices and decisions regarding prevention of communicable and non-communicable include recognizing risk factors, identifying methods of contraction and transmission, as well as the prevention and treatment of disease. Accurate information

and discussion of sexually transmitted diseases, HIV infection and AIDS are necessary and important components of this content area. Information should be factual, medically accurate, objective and developmentally appropriate.

Consumer & Community Health

Consumers need to understand how health care services are provided as well as how individuals can take an active role in determining the use of health related services and products. Consumer and community health include recognizing and accessing valid and appropriate health information, services, and products. This includes knowledge about health insurance, health related research, advertising and fraudulent claims.

Growth, Development & Family Life

A healthy family unit is vital to the well-being and successful development of adolescence. Growth and development includes the stages of life, and changes in relationships with others that accompany social development and the aging process. Family living includes the following topics: healthy relationships and sexuality, encouragement of abstinence from sexual activity, sexually transmitted diseases including HIV and their prevention, as well as methods of preventing pregnancy. Knowledge of factual, medically accurate and objective information is important along with personal, legal and economic responsibilities of parenthood and other consequences of sexual activity.

*Reference to Idaho Education Code Title 33, Chapter 16, Sections 1608-1611

Environmental Health

Individuals need to be aware of the impact of environmental issues and hazards on personal health. Environmental health includes precautions and behaviors to safeguard personal health, and practices that will reverse or slow down environmental pollution and related problems.

Goal 1.1: Students will comprehend core concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention to enhance health including: Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs; Nutrition and Physical Activity, Injury Prevention and Safety; Mental, Emotional and Social Health; Prevention and Control of Disease; Consumer and Community Health; Growth, Development and Family Life; and Environmental Health.

- 9-12.H.1.1.1 Predict how behaviors can affect health status.
- 9-12.H.1.1.2 Describe the interrelationships of emotional, intellectual, physical, and social health.
- 9-12.H.1.1.3 Analyze how environment and personal health are interrelated.

9-12.H.1.1.4	Analyze how genetics and family history can affect personal health.
9-12.H.1.1.5	Propose ways to reduce health problems.
9-12.H.1.1.6	Analyze the relationship between access to health care and health status.
9-12.H.1.1.7	Compare and contrast the benefits of and barriers to practicing a variety of healthy behaviors.
9-12.H.1.1.8	Analyze the potential severity of health problems that result from engaging in unhealthy behaviors.

Standard 2: Analyzing Influences

Goal 1.1: Students will analyze the influence of family, peers, culture, media, technology, and other factors on health behavior.

Objective(s): By the end of Twelfth Grade, the student will be able to:

9-12.H.2.1.1	Analyze how the family and culture influence health beliefs and behaviors.
9-12.H.2.1.2	Analyze how peers influence health beliefs and behaviors.
9-12.H.2.1.3	Evaluate how the school and community can affect personal health practice and behaviors.
9-12.H.2.1.4	Analyze how the media and technology influence health beliefs and behaviors.
9-12.H.2.1.5	Analyze how the perception of norms influences healthy and unhealthy behaviors.
9-12.H.2.1.6	Analyze how some health risk behaviors can influence the likelihood of engaging in unhealthy behaviors.
9-12.H.2.1.7	Analyze how public health policies and government regulations can influence health promotion and disease
	prevention.

Standard 3: Accessing Information

Goal 1.1. Students will demonstrate the ability to access valid information and products and services to enhance health.

9-12.H.3.1.1	Evaluate the validity of health information, products, and services.
9-12.H.3.1.2	Determine the accessibility of health information, products, and services.
9-12.H.3.1.3	Access valid and reliable health information, products, and services.
9-12.H.3.1.4	Use resources from home, school, and community that provide valid health information.
9-12.H.3.1.5	Determine when professional health services may be required.

Standard 4: Interpersonal Communication

Goal 1.1: Students will demonstrate the ability to use interpersonal communication skills to enhance health and avoid or reduce health risks.

Objective(s): By the end of Twelfth Grade, the student will be able to:

9-12.H.4.1.1	Use skills for communicating	a effectively with family.	peers, and others to enhance health.

- 9-12.H.4.1.2 Demonstrate refusal, negotiation, and collaboration skills to enhance health and avoid or reduce health risks.
- 9-12.H.4.1.3 Demonstrate strategies to prevent, manage, or resolve interpersonal conflicts without harming self or others.
- 9-12.H.4.1.4 Demonstrate how to ask for and offer assistance to enhance the health of self and others.

Standard 5: Decision Making

Goal 1.1: Students will demonstrate the ability to use decision-making skills to enhance health.

Objective(s): By the end of Twelfth Grade, the student will be able to:

	-		
9-12.H.5.1.1		Examine barriers that can hinder hea	althy decision-making.

- 9-12.H.5.1.2 Determine the value of applying a thoughtful decision-making process in health-related situations.
- 9-12.H.5.1.3 Justify when individual or collaborative decision-making is appropriate.
- 9-12.H.5.1.4 Generate alternatives to health-related issues or problems.
- 9-12.H.5.1.5 Predict the potential short-term and long-term impact of each alternative on self and others.
- 9-12.H.5.1.6 Defend the healthy choice when making decisions.
- 9-12.H.5.1.7 Evaluate the effectiveness of health-related decisions.

Standard 6: Goal Setting

Goal 1.1 Students will demonstrate the ability to use goal-setting skills to enhance health.

- 9-12.H.6.1.1 Assess personal health practices and overall health status.
- 9-12.H.6.1.2 Develop a plan to attain a personal health goal that addresses strengths, needs, and risks.
- 9-12.H.6.1.3 Implement strategies and monitor progress in achieving a personal health goal.
- 9-12.H.6.1.4 Formulate an effective long-term personal health plan.

Standard 7: Practice Healthy Behavior

Goal 1.1. Students will demonstrate the ability to practice health-enhancing behaviors and avoid or reduce health risks.

Objective(s): By the end of Twelfth Grade, the student will be able to:

- 9-12.H.7.1.1 Analyze the role of individual responsibility in enhancing health.
- 9-12.H.7.1.2 Demonstrate a variety of healthy practices and behaviors that will maintain or improve the health of self and others.
- 9-12.H.7.1.3 Demonstrate a variety of healthy practices and behaviors that avoid or reduce health risks to self and others.

Standard 8: Advocacy

Goal 1.1. Students will demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family, and community health.

- 9-12.H.8.1.1 Use accurate peer and societal norms to formulate a health-enhancing message.
- 9-12.H.8.1.2 Demonstrate how to influence and support others to make positive health choices.
- 9-12.H.8.1.3 Work cooperatively as an advocate for improving personal, family, and community health.
- 9-12.H.8.1.4 Adapt health messages and communication techniques to target a specific audience.